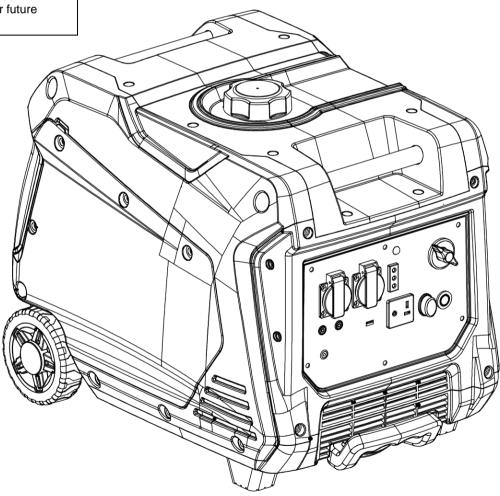
P1PE ELECTRIC START INVERTER GENERATOR

P4000i

User Manual

FOR YOUR SAFETY You must read and understand this manual before use. Keep this manual for future reference.







DISCLAIMERS:

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publishing. The illustrations used in this manual are intended as representative reference views only. Moreover, because of our continuous product improvement policy, we may modify information, illustrations and/or specifications to explain and/or exemplify a product, service or maintenance improvement. We reserve the right to make any change at any time without notice. Some images may vary depending upon which model is shown.

A DANGER



This manual contains important instructions for operating this generator. For your safety and the safety of others, be sure to read this manual thoroughly before operating the generator. Failure to properly follow all instructions and precautions can cause you and others to be seriously hurt or killed.

SAFETY	3
Safety Definitions	
Safety Symbol Definitions	3
General Safety Rules	4
ASSEMBLY	5
Hooking Up the Battery	.5
FEATURES	6
Basic Inverter Features	.6
Control Panel Features	7
OPERATION	
Before Starting the Inverter	.8
Location Selection	.8
Weather	. 8
Grounding the Inverter	. 8
High Altitude Operation	8
Power Cord	. 9
Inverter Paralleling Operation	. 9
Initial Oil Fill	
Adding/Checking Engine Fluids and Fuel	.10
Checking and/or Adding Engine Oil	.10
Adding Petrol to the Fuel Tank	. 11
Starting the Inverter	. 12
Electric Start	
Manual Start	. 12
Wireless Remote Start	12
Stopping the Inverter	. 13
Using Efficiency Mode	
Resetting the Reset Breaker	.13
MAINTENANCE	
Maintenance Schedule	14
Engine Oil Maintenance	
Checking Engine Oil	
Adding Engine Oil	
Changing Engine Oil	
Air Filter Maintenance	
Cleaning the Air Filter	
Draining the Float Bowl	
Spark Plug Maintenance	
Cleaning the Spark Arrestor	
Checking and Adjusting Valve Lash	
Cleaning the Inverter	
Battery Service	
Storage	
TROUBLESHOOTING	2
Recycling & Product Disposal	
Declaration of Conformity	
Ouritable Dolaid	. ∠¬

SAFETY

SAFETY DEFINITIONS

The words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTICE are used throughout this manual to highlight important information. Be certain that the meanings of these alerts are known to all who work on or near the equipment.



This safety alert symbol appears with most safety statements. It means attention, become alert, your safety is involved! Please read and abide by the message that follows the safety alerts symbol.

DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, *will* result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, *could* result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, *could* result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation which can cause damage to the generator, personal property and/or the environment, or cause the equipment to operate improperly.

NOTE: Indicates a procedure, practice or condition that should be followed in order for the generator to function in the manner intended.

SAFETY SYMBOL DEFINITIONS

Symbol	Description		
<u>^</u>	Safety Alert Symbol		
	Asphyxiation Hazard		
	Burn Hazard		
	Burst/Pressure Hazard		
	Don't leave tools in thearea		
4	Electrical Shock Hazard		
	Explosion Hazard		
	Fire Hazard		
	Lifting Hazard		
	Pinch-Point Hazard		
	Read Manufacturer's Instructions		
STOP	Read Safety Messages Before Proceeding		
	Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

▲ DANGER



Never use the inverter in a location that is wet or damp. Never expose the inverter to rain, snow, water spray or standing water while in use. Protect the inverter from all hazardous weather conditions. Moisture or ice can cause a short circuit or other malfunction in the electrical circuit.



Never operate the inverter in an enclosed area. Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide. Only operate the inverter outside and away from windows, doors and vents.

▲WARNING



Voltage produced by the inverter could result in death or serious injury.

- Never operate the inverter in rain or a flood plain unless proper precautions are taken to avoid being subject to rain or a flood.
- Never use worn or damaged extension cords.
- · Always have a licensed electrician connect the inverter to the utility circuit.
- Never touch an operating inverter if the inverter is wet or if you have wet hands.
- · Never operate the inverter in highly conductive areas such as around metal decking or steel works.
- Always use grounded extension cords. Always use three-wire or double-insulated power tools.
- Never touch live terminals or bare wires while the inverter is operating.
- Be sure the inverter is properly grounded before operating.

▲WARNING



Petrol and petrol vapors are extremely flammable and explosive under certain conditions.

- Always refuel the generator outdoors, in a well-ventilated area.
- · Never remove the fuel cap with the engine running.
- Never refuel the inverter while the engine is running. Always turn engine off and allow the generator to cool before refueling.
- Only fill fuel tank with petrol.



- Keep sparks, open flames or other form of ignition (such as match, cigarette, static electric source) away when refueling.
- Never overfill the fuel tank. Leave room for fuel to expand. Overfilling the fuel tank can result in a
 sudden overflow of petrol and result in spilled petrol coming in contact with HOT surfaces.
 Spilled fuel can ignite. If fuel is spilled on the inverter, wipe up any spills immediately. Dispose of
 rag properly. Allow area of spilled fuel to dry before operating the inverter.
- Wear eye protection while refueling.
- · Never use petrol as a cleaning agent.
- Store any containers containing petrol in a well-ventilated area, away from any combustibles or source of ignition.
- · Check for fuel leaks after refueling. Never operate the engine if a fuel leak is discovered.

△WARNING



Never operate the inverter if powered items overheat, electrical output drops, there is sparking, flames or smoke coming from the inverter, or if the sockets are damaged.



Never use the inverter to power medical support equipment.



Always remove any tools or other service equipment used during maintenance from the inverter before operating.

NOTICE

Never modify the inverter.

Never operate the inverter if it vibrates at high levels, if engine speed changes greatly or if the engine misfires often.

Always disconnect tools or appliances from the inverter before starting.

ASSEMBLY

HOOKING UP THE BATTERY

WARNING

To avoid electrics hock:



- ALWAYS connect the positive (+) battery cable (red boot) first when connecting battery cables.
- ALWAYS disconnect the negative (-) battery cable (black boot) first when disconnecting battery cables.
- NEVER connect the negative (-) battery cable (black boot) to the positive (+) post on the battery.
- NEVER connect the positive (+) battery cable (red boot) to the negative (-) post on the battery.
- NEVER touch both battery posts simultaneously.
- NEVER place a metal tool across both battery posts.
- ALWAYS use insulated or nonconducting tools when installing the battery.

NOTE: THE INVERTER COMES EQUIPPED WITH THE POSITIVE BATTERY CABLE (RED BOOT) ALREADY ATTACHED.

 Unclip the battery access panel on the back of the unit next to the muffler (see Figure 1).

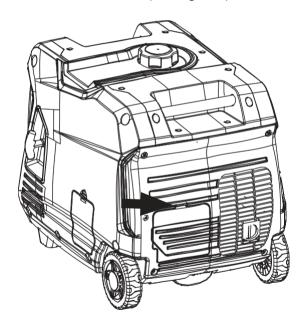


Figure 1: Battery Service Panel

- 2. Verify the positive (+) battery cable (red boot) is securely tightened to the positive (+) battery post. Make sure boot is over battery post.
- Carefully remove the protective wrapping around the lug of the negative (-) battery cable (black boot).
- Locate negative (-) cable attached to alternator cable, remove tie and route to the negative (-) battery post.
- Pull back the black boot and securely attach
 the negative (-) battery cable (black boot) to the
 negative (-) battery post as shown in Figure 2.
 Replace the black boot so it protects the cable lug
 and battery post.

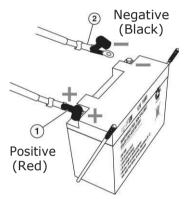
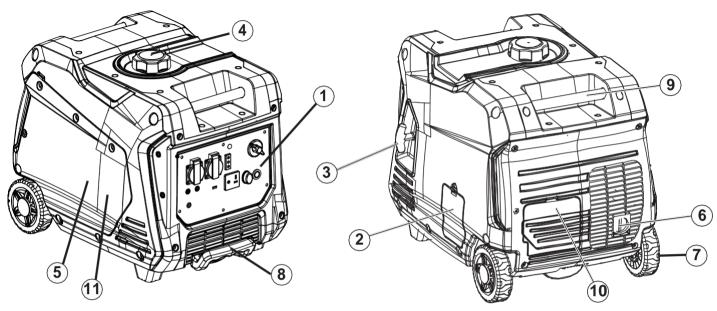


Figure 2: Installing Battery Leads

NOTE: The electric start generator is equipped with a battery charging feature. Once the engine is running, a small charge is supplied to the battery via the battery cables and will slowly recharge the battery.

FEATURES

BASIC INVERTER FEATURES



- 1 Control Panel: Contains the reset breaker, outlets and warning lights.
- 2 Oil Access Cover: Remove the cover to access the oil fill/drain plug.
- Recoil Handle: Pull to manually start the engine.
- (4) Fuel Cap: Close until clicking sound is heard.
- (5) Engine Service Panel: Remove the panel to access the engine, air filter, spark plug and float bowl for maintenance.
- 6 Muffler and Spark Arrestor: Avoid contact until the engine is cooled down. The spark arrestor prevents sparks from exiting the muffler. It must be removed for servicing.

- (7) Roller Board Wheels: For easy portability.
- **8** Telescoping Handle: Extends and retracts for easy access.
- **9 Carry Handles:** Built in handles to allow for easy pick up.
- (10) Battery Access Panel: Easy access to battery.
- (11) Automatic Choke: Unit will automatically set choke for electric and manual start (battery must be hooked up, even if it is dead, for auto choke to work with manual start)

FEATURES

CONTROL PANEL FEATURES

(1) Sockets

> These can be used for operating appropriate appliance, electrical lighting, tools, and motor

- Start Indicator: Indicates that power is on, light **(2)** will remain lit the whole time the unit is on.
- (3) Output Ready LED: Indicates the inverter is ready to be used.
- **(4)** Overload LED: Indicates that the inverter is overloaded
- Low Oil LED: Indicates low oil level. **(5)**
- **6**) Fuel Control Switch: Allows fuel to flow to the engine.
- **(7)** Push Button Automated Start: Push once to automatically start the engine. Push again to stop the engine.
- Efficiency Mode Switch: When turned to the ON (8) position, the engine will sense the load needed and run at a slower RPM to save fuel.
- **DC Socket** (9)

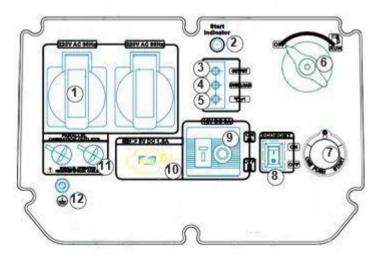
The DC socket should ONLY be used for charging 12 Volt automotive type batteries.

- USB Duplex: 5V DC USB outlets that come with 1 and 2.1 amp rating.
- (11) Parallel outlets

Parallel outlets enable a user to run two generators simultaneously.

(12) **Ground Terminal:**

> The ground terminal is used to externally ground the inverter.



BEFORE STARTING THE INVERTER



BEFORE STARTING THE INVERTER. **REVIEW SAFETY SECTION STARTING** ON PAGE 4.

Location Selection – Before starting the inverter, avoid exhaust and location hazards by verifying:

- You have selected a location to operate the inverter that is outdoors and well ventilated.
- You have selected a location with a level and solid surface on which to place the inverter.
- You have selected a location that is at least 6 feet (1.8 m) away from any building, other equipment or combustible material.
- If the inverter is located close to a building, make sure it is not located near any windows, doors and/ or vents.

ADANGER

Using a generator indoors

CAN KILL YOU IN MINUTES.

Generator exhaust contains carbon monoxide. This is a poison you cannot see or smell.









NEVER use inside a home or garage, **EVEN IF** doors and windows are open.

Only use OUTSIDE and far away from windows, doors, and vents.

Avoid other generator hazards. READ MANUAL BEFORE USE.





Always operate the inverter on a level surface. Placing the inverter on non level surfaces can cause the inverter to tip over, causing fuel and oil to spill. Spilled fuel can ignite if it comes in contact with an ignition source such as a very hot surface.

NOTICE

Only operate the inverter on a solid, level surface. Operating the inverter on a surface with loose material such as sand or grass clippings can cause debris to be ingested by the inverter that could:

- Block cooling vents
- · Block air intake system

Weather – Never operate your inverter outdoors during rain, snow or any combination of weather conditions that could lead to moisture collecting on, in or around the generator.

Dry Surface – Always operate the inverter on a dry surface free of any moisture.

No Connected Loads – Make sure the inverter has no connected loads before starting it. To ensure there are no connected loads, unplug any electrical extension cords that are plugged into the control panel sockets.

NOTICE

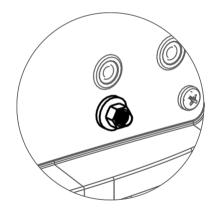
Starting the inverter with loads already applied to it could result in damage to any appliance being powered off the inverter during the brief start-up period.

Grounding

Consult with your local municipalities for your grounding codes.

Ground Terminal

The generator's ground terminal must always be used to connect the generator to a driven ground rod. Connect the ground terminal to the driven ground rod with copper wire. The wire connects to the terminal between the lock washer and nut. Tighten the nut securely to ensure good connection. Grounding the generator protects you from electric shock that results from a buildup of static electricity or undetected ground faults.







Generator must be properly grounded to prevent electrocution.

- Only operate generator on a level surface
- Always connect the nut and ground terminal on the frame to an appropriate ground source

WARNING



Be sure the inverter is properly connected to earth ground before operating.

High Altitude Operation

Engine power is reduced the higher you operate above sea level. Output will be reduced approximately 3.5% for every 1000ft of increased altitude from sea level. This is a natural occurrence and cannot be adjusted by engine. Increased exhaust emissions can also result due to increased fuel mixture. Other issues include hardstarting, increased fuel consumption and spark plugfouling.

⚠ WARNING



Do not rest inverter on exhaust panel. Do not move Generator while it is on. The inverter will be damaged if operated in this manner.



POWERCORD

Using Extension Cords

P1PE assumes no responsibility for the content within this table. The use of this table is the responsibility of the user only. This table is intended for reference only. The results produced by using this table are not guaranteed to be correct or applicable in all situations as the type and construction of cords are highly variable. Always check with local regulations and a licensed electrician prior to installing or connecting an electrical appliance

Extension Cord Wire Gauge Size

	LENGTH OF EXTENSION CORD (ft)								
AMPS	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	120
5	20	18	16	14	12	12	10	10	8
10	18	16	14	12	12	10	10	8	8
15	16	14	12	12	10	10	8	8	6
20	14	12	12	10	10	8	8	6	6
25	12	12	10	10	8	8	6	6	6
30	12	10	10	8	8	6	6	6	6
35	10	10	8	8	6	6	6	6	6

INVERTER PARALLELING OPERATION

DANGER

Never connect the paralleling cord to the inverters with the inverters running. The inverters must not be running and both the paralleling cord switches must be off when connecting the cords.

WARNING

Do not attempt to parallel the inverter with any other manufacturers' inverters. Do not use the paralleling cord for any application other than inverter paralleling. Do not use this cord on other manufacturers' inverters.

Always ensure that both ends of the paralleling cord are switched off before connecting the inverters.

INVERTER PARALLELING OPERATION

It is possible to connect two generators to each other, using a parallel cable kit, to increase available power output.

- Connect Cables to two P4000iSE generators according to the instructions provided with the cable kit.
- Make sure the Economy switch is in the same position on both generators.
- All electronic devices should be turned "OFF" and disconnected from generators prior to starting generator engines.
- Start generator engines. Make sure the green output indicator light comes on for each generator.
- When engines have stabilized, plug in electronic device to AC receptacle and turn on first load.
- Allow generator output to stabilize (engine and attached devices run evenly) before plugging in the next load.

Maximum Power in Parallel Operation: 8.0kVA Rated Power in Parallel Operation: 7.0kVA

Limit operation time to 3 seconds for load requiring maximum output. For continuous operation, do not exceed the rated output.

Note: It is strongly recommended to plug in devices with the largest output first and the smallest output last to help prevent overloading the generator.

INITIAL OIL FILL



BEFORE ADDING ENGINE OIL, REVIEW SAFETY SECTION STARTING ON PAGE 4.

NOTICE

Engine oil must be added when the inverter is on a flat, level surface, or an inaccurate reading may result. Do not overfill. If the engine is overfilled with oil, it can cause serious engine damage.

1. Unclip and remove the oil service panel to access the oil fill/drain plug (see Figure 3).

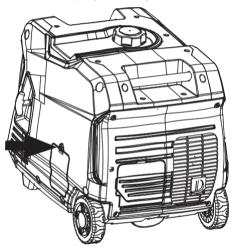


Figure 3: Oil Service Panel

- 2. Clean area around oil fill/drain plug and remove plug.
- 3. Using the supplied funnel and oil, pour the entire bottle of oil into the engine. See correct oil level in Figure 4 below.

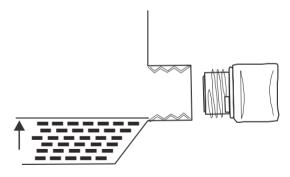


Figure 4: Engine Oil Correct Level

4. Do not overfill, if oil level is too high, oil will drain out through the fill plug.

ADDING/CHECKING ENGINE FLUIDS AND FUEL



BEFORE ADDING/CHECKING ENGINE FLUIDS AND FUEL, REVIEW SAFETY SECTION STARTING ON PAGE 4.

ADANGER

Filling the fuel tank with petrol while the inverter is running can cause petrol to leak and come in contact with hot surfaces that can ignite the petrol.

Before starting the inverter, always check the level of:

- · Engine oil
- · Petrol in the fuel tank

Once the inverter is started and the engine gets warm, it is not safe to add petrol to the fuel tank or engine oil to the engine while the engine is running or the engine and muffler are hot.

CHECKING AND / OR ADDING ENGINE OIL

WARNING

Internal pressure can build in the engine crankcase while the engine is running. Removing the oil fill plug/dipstick while the engine is hot can cause extremely hot oil to spray out of the crankcase and can severely burn skin. Allow engine oil to cool for several minutes before removing the oil fill plug/dipstick.

The unit as shipped does not contain oil in the engine. You must add engine oil before starting the inverter for the first time. See *Initial Oil Fill* for instructions on checking engine oil level and the procedure for adding engine oil.

NOTICE

The engine does not contain engine oil as shipped. Attempting to start the engine without adding engine oil will permanently damage internal engine components.

The engine is equipped with a low oil shutdown switch. If the oil level becomes low, the engine may shut down and not start until the oil is filled to the proper level.

The owner of the inverter is responsible to ensure the proper oil level is maintained during the operation of the generator. Failure to maintain the proper oil level can result in engine damage.

ADDING PETROL TO THE FUEL TANK

WARNING



Never refuel the inverter while the engine is running.



Always turn the engine off and allow the inverter to cool before refueling.

CAUTION

Avoid prolonged skin contact with petrol. Avoid prolonged breathing of petrol vapors.

Required Petrol – Only use petrol that meets the following requirements:

- Unleaded petrol only
- · Petrol with maximum 10% ethanol added
- Petrol with an 87 octane rating or higher

Filling the Fuel Tank – Follow the steps below to fill the fuel tank:

- 1. Shut off the inverter.
- 2. Allow the inverter to cool down so all surface areas of the muffler and engine are cool to the touch.
- 3. Move the inverter to a flat surface.
- 4. Clean area around the fuel cap.
- 5. Remove the fuel cap by rotating counterclockwise.

NOTICE

Do not overfill the fuel tank. Spilled fuel will damage some plastic parts.

- 6. Slowly add petrol into the fuel tank. Be very careful not to overfill the tank. The petrol level should NOT be higher than the red ring (see Figure 5).
- 7. Install the fuel cap by rotating clockwise.



Figure 5: Maximum Petrol Fill Level

STARTING THE INVERTER



BEFORE STARTING THE INVERTER, REVIEW SAFETY SECTION STARTING ON PAGE 4.

For proper starting and operation of the inverter, make sure you review the inverter features and their descriptions starting on page 7.

Before attempting to start the inverter, verify the following:

- The engine is filled with engine oil (see Figure 4: Engine Oil Correct Level on page 11).
- The inverter is situated in a proper location (see *Location* Selection on page 9).
- The inverter is on a dry surface (see *Weather and Dry Surface* on page 9).
- All loads are disconnected from the inverter (see No Connected Loads on page 9).
- The inverter is properly grounded (see Grounding the Inverter on page 9)

DANGER

Never use the inverter in a location that is wet or damp. Never expose the inverter to rain, snow, water spray or standing water while in use. Protect the inverter from all hazardous weather conditions. Moisture or ice can cause a short circuit or other malfunction in the electrical circuit.

Never operate the inverter in an enclosed area. Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide. Only operate the inverter outside and away from windows, doors and vents.

ELECTRIC START

- 1. Check oil levels (see Initial Oil Fill on page 11)
- Make sure nothing is plugged into any of the outlets.
- 3. Make sure battery is connected (see *Hooking Up the Battery* on page 6).
- 4. Make sure the circuit breakers are properly set.
- Turn the Fuel Control Switch to the ON (RUN) position (see Figure 7).

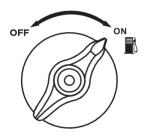


Figure 7: Turn Fuel Switch to ON Position

6. Push and hold the engine start push button for 1 second and release (see Figure 8). The engine will automatically set the choke and begin the start sequence.

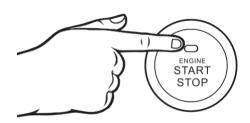


Figure 8: Electric Start Button - PUSH

7. Plug in electronic devices.

MANUAL START

- 1. Check oil levels (see *Initial Oil Fill* on page 11)
- 2. Make sure nothing is plugged into any of the outlets.
- 3. Make sure battery is connected (see *Hooking Up the Battery* on page 6).
- 4. Make sure the circuit breakers are properly set (see Figure 6).
- 5. Turn the Fuel Control Switch to the **ON (RUN)** position (see Figure 7).
- Firmly grasp and pull the recoil handle slowly until you feel increased resistance. At this point, apply a rapid pull while pulling out from the inverter (see Figure 9).

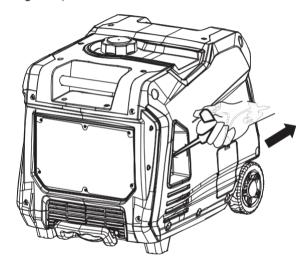


Figure 9: Pull the Recoil Handle out from Inverter 7.

Plug in electronic devices.

WIRELESS REMOTE START (OPTIONAL)

- 1. Check oil levels (see Adding Engine Oil page 11)
- 2. Battery must be connected for auto choke to work.
- 3. Make sure the circuit breakers are properly set (see Figure 6).
- Confirm that the Fuel Control Switch is in the ON position (see Figure 7).
- 5. Push the **START** icon on the wireless remote. (see Figure 10).



Figure 10: Wireless Remote - START

STOPPING THE INVERTER

Normal Operation

During normal operation, use the following steps to stop your inverter:

- 1. Remove any connected loads from the control panel sockets.
- 2. Allow the inverter to run at "no load" to reduce and stabilize engine and alternator temperatures.
- Move the Fuel Control Switch to the OFF position, press "Stop" on remote start key fob, or press the push button start once (see Figure 11).

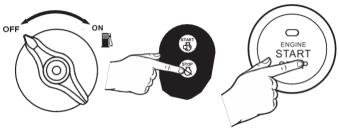


Figure 11: Stopping Generator

During an Emergency

If there is an emergency and the inverter must be stopped quickly, move the Engine Control Switch to the **OFF** position immediately.

USING EFFICIENCY MODE

The inverter is equipped with an efficiency mode switch to minimize fuel consumption. In efficiency mode, the inverter will sense the load and adjust the engine RPM to the current load requirements. Efficiency mode should be used only after the inverter has been warmed up to operating temperature.

- To turn on the efficiency mode, press the switch to the ON position).
- 2 If no load is present, the inverter RPM will drop down to an idle speed.
- As a load is applied, the inverter will sense the load and engine RPM will increase according to the load applied.
- To run the inverter at maximum power and RPM, press the efficiency mode switch to the OFF position.

RESETTING THE RESET BREAKER

The inverter will trip the breaker and automatically disconnect from the load when the controls sense a predetermined overload condition. The inverter engine will continue to run, but there will not be any electrical output.

- Turn off all devices and unplug them from the inverter.
- Determine the wattage required from the devices being powered by the inverter. Make sure the wattage required does not exceed the maximum output of the inverter.
- 3. Press in the reset breaker to reset it.
- 4. Plug the devices in to the inverter.
- 5. Turn on the devices as needed.



BEFORE PERFORMING MAINTENANCE ON THE INVERTER, REVIEW THE SAFETY SECTION STARTING ON PAGE 4, AS WELL AS THE FOLLOWING SAFETY MESSAGES.

WARNING

Avoid accidentally starting the inverter during maintenance by removing the spark plug boot from the spark plug. For electric start inverters, also disconnect the battery cables from the battery (disconnect the black negative (-) cable first) and place the cables away from the battery posts to avoid arcing.



Allow hot components to cool to the touch prior to performing any maintenance procedure.

Internal pressure can build in the engine crankcase while the engine is running. Removing the oil fill plug/dipstick while the engine is hot can cause extremely hot oil to spray out of the crankcase and can severely burn skin. Allow engine oil to cool for several minutes before removing the oil fill plug/dipstick.

Always perform maintenance in a well-ventilated area. Petrol fuel and fuel vapors are extremely flammable and can ignite under certain conditions.

△CAUTION

Avoid skin contact with engine oil or petrol. Prolonged skin contact with engine oil or petrol can be harmful. Frequent and prolonged contact with engine oil may cause skin cancer. Take protective measures and wear protective clothing and equipment. Wash all exposed skin with soap and water.

WARNING

Failure to perform periodic maintenance or not following maintenance procedures can cause the inverter to malfunction and could result in death or serious injury.

NOTICE

Periodic maintenance intervals vary depending on inverter operating conditions. Operating the inverter under severe conditions, such as sustained highload, high-temperature, or unusually wet or dusty environments, will require more frequent periodic maintenance. The intervals listed in the maintenance schedule should be treated only as a general quideline.

Following the maintenance schedule is important to keep the inverter in good operating condition. The following is a summary of maintenance items by periodic maintenance intervals.

TABLE 1: MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE - OWNER PERFORMED

Maintenance Item	Before Every Use	After First 20 Hours or First Month of Use	After 50 Hours of Use or Every 6 Months	After 100 Hour of Use or Every 6 Months	After 300 Hours of Use or Every Year
Engine Oil	Check Level	Change	Change	-	-
Cooling Features	Check/Clean	-	-	-	-
Air Filter	Check	-	Clean*	-	Replace
Spark Plug	-	-	-	Check/Clean	Replace
Spark Arrestor	-	-	-	Check/Clean	-

^{*}Service more frequently if operating in dry and dusty conditions

ENGINE OIL MAINTENANCE

Engine Oil Specification

- 1. Only use the engine oil specified in Figure 12.
- Only use 4-stroke/cycle engine oil. NEVER USE 2-STROKE/CYCLE OIL. Synthetic oil is an acceptable substitute for conventional oil.

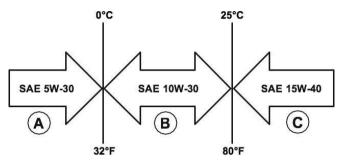


Figure 12: Recommended Oil

CHECKING ENGINE OIL

NOTICE

Always maintain proper engine oil level. Failure to maintain proper engine oil level could result in severe damage to the engine and/or shorten the life of the engine.

Always use the specified engine oil. Failure to use the specified engine oil can cause accelerated wear and/ or shorten the life of the engine.

Engine oil level should be checked before every use.

- Always operate or maintain the inverter on a flat surface.
- 2. Stop engine if running.
- 3. Let engine sit and cool for several minutes (allow crankcase pressure to equalize).
- Remove the oil service panel to access the oil fill/ drain plug (see Figure 3 on page 11).
- 5. With a damp rag, clean around the oil fill/drain plug.
- 6. Remove the oil fill/drain plug.
- 7. Check oil level: When checking the engine oil, remove the oil fill/ drain plug (see Figure 4 on page 11).
 - The oil level is acceptable if oil is visible at the bottom of the threads of the oil fill plug.
 - If oil level is low, add to the correct level using the supplied oil fill bottle. Do not overfill the oil crankcase.

NOTICE

Engine oil must always be checked and added when the inverter is on a flat, level surface, or an inaccurate reading may result, causing serious engine damage.

ADDING ENGINE OIL

- Always operate or maintain the inverter on a flat surface.
- 2. Stop engine if running.
- Let engine sit and cool for several minutes (allow crankcase pressure to equalize).
- 4. Remove the engine service panel to gain access to the oil fill/drain plug.
- 5. Thoroughly clean around the oil fill/drain plug.
- 6. Remove the oil fill/drain plug.
- 7. Select the proper engine oil as specified in Figure 12.
- 8. Using the supplied oil funnel, slowly add engine oil to the engine. Stop frequently to check the oil level and avoid overfilling.

CHANGING ENGINE OIL

- 1. Stop the engine.
- Let engine sit and cool for several minutes (allow crankcase pressure to equalize).
- Remove the oil service panel to gain access to the oil fill/drain plug.
- 4. Place oil pan (or suitable container) under the oil fill/drain plug.
- 5. Remove oil fill/drain plug. With a damp rag, thoroughly clean around the oil fill/drain plug.
- Insert provided funnel around oil fill/drain and carefully tilt the inverter so the oil drains down the through the funnel into the container.
- 7. Allow oil to completely drain.
- 8. Fill crankcase with oil following the steps outlined in *Adding Engine Oil* above and tighten oil plug.
- 9. Dispose of used engine oil properly.

NOTICE

Never dispose of used engine oil by dumping the oil into a sewer, on the ground, or into groundwater or waterways. Always be environmentally responsible. Follow the guidelines of the governmental agencies for proper disposal of hazardous materials. Consult local authorities or reclamation facility.

AIR FILTER MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING

Never use petrol or other flammable solvents to clean the air filter. Use only household detergent soap to clean the air filter.

Cleaning the Air Filter

The air filter must be cleaned after every 50 hours of use or 3 months (frequency should be increased if inverter is operated in a dusty environment).

- Turn off the inverter and let it cool for several minutes if running.
- 2. Remove the Engine Service Panel to gain access to the air filter (see Figure 13).

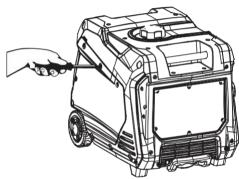


Figure 13: Remove Engine Service Panel

3. Turn the 2 knobs on the air cleaner to unlock the cover. Tip the cover down to access the foam element (see Figure 14).

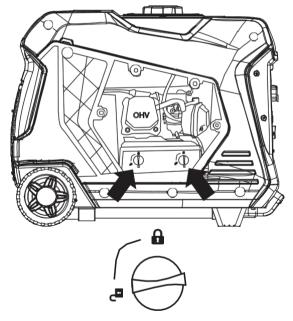


Figure 14: Unlock Air Filter Cover

- Remove the foam element from the air cleaner housing.
- 5. Wash the foam air filter element by submerging the element in a solution of household detergent soap and warm water. Slowly squeeze the foam to thoroughly clean.

NOTICE

NEVER twist or tear the foam air filter element during cleaning or drying. Only apply slow but firm squeezing action.

 Rinse in clean water by submerging the air filter element in fresh water and applying a slow squeezing action (see Figure 15).



Figure 15: Squeeze Air Filter

NOTICE

Never dispose of soap cleaning solution used to clean the air filter by dumping the solution into a sewer, on the ground, or into ground water or waterways. Always be environmentally responsible. Follow the guidelines of the governmental agencies for proper disposal of hazardous materials. Consult local authorities or reclamation facility.

- 7. Dispose of used soap cleaning solution properly.
- 8. Dry the air filter element by again applying a slow firm squeezing action.
- Return the air filter element to its position in the air cleaner housing.
- Install the air cleaner cover, making sure the knobs lock into place.
- 11. Install the engine service panel.

DRAINING THE FLOAT BOWL

- 1. Remove the Engine Service Panel to access the carburetor (see Figure 13 on page 16).
- Locate the clear plastic hose from the float that is extending towards the bottom of the inverter, pull those hose outside the body and place a suitable container under it to catch the drained fuel (see Figure 16).

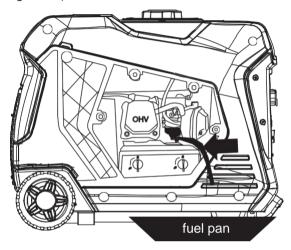


Figure 16: Fuel Drain Hose

3. Loosen the float bowl drain screw until fuel is seen draining from the float bowl (see Figure 17).

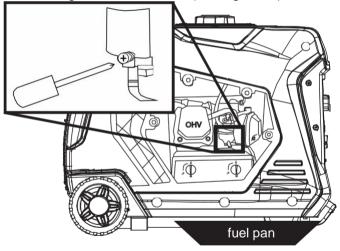


Figure 17: Loosen Float Bowl Screw

4. Allow fuel to drain into the container, and then tighten the float bowl drain screw.

NOTICE

Never dispose of fuel by dumping fuel into a sewer, on the ground, or into groundwater or waterways. Always be environmentally responsible. Follow the guidelines of the EPA or other governmental agencies for proper disposal of hazardous materials. Consult local authorities or reclamation facility.

5. Install the engine service panel.

SPARK PLUG MAINTENANCE

The spark plug must be checked and cleaned after every 100 hours of use or 6 months and must be replaced after 300 hours of use or every year.

- 1. Stop the inverter and let it cool for several minutes if running.
- 2. Move the inverter to a flat, level surface.
- 3. Remove the Engine Service Panel to gain access to the spark plug (see Figure 13 on page 16).
- 4. Remove the spark plug cover by firmly pulling the metal spark plug boot handle directly away from the engine (see Figure 18).

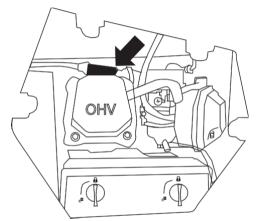


Figure 18: Pull off Spark Plug Cover

NOTICE

Never apply any side load or move the spark plug laterally when removing the spark plug. Applying a side load or moving the spark plug laterally may crack and damage the spark plug boot.

- Clean area around the spark plug.
- 6. Using the spark plug socket wrench provided, remove the spark plug from the cylinder head (see Figure 19).



Figure 19: Remove Spark Plug

Spark Plug Maintenance - Continued from page 18

- Place a clean rag over the opening created by the removal of the spark plug to make sure no dirt can get into the combustion chamber.
- 8. Inspect the spark plug for:
 - · Cracked or chipped insulator
 - · Excessive wear
 - Spark plug gap of 0.032 in. (0.80 mm).

If the spark plug fails any one of the conditions listed above, replace the plug.



NOTICE

Only use the recommended spark plug. See chart below. Using a non-recommended spark plug could result in damage to the engine.

- 9. Install the spark plug by carefully following the steps outlined below:
 - Carefully insert the spark plug back into the cylinder head. Hand-thread the spark plug until it bottoms out.
 - b. Using the spark plug socket wrench provided, turn the spark plug to ensure it is fully seated.
 - c. Replace the spark plug boot, making sure the boot fully engages the spark plug's tip.
 - d. Install the spark plug access cover.

Recommended Spark Plug Replacement:

Torch Spark plug	Champion	Bosch	Autolite
F7RTC	N9YC	W7DC	52

CLEANING THE SPARK ARRESTOR

Check and clean the spark arrestor after every 100 hours of use or 6 months.

- Stop the inverter and let it cool for several minutes if running.
- 2. Move the inverter to a flat, level surface.
- Remove the screws holding the muffler cover in place (see Figure 20).
- 4. Loosen the clamp holding the spark arrestor onto the muffler.
- Slide the spark arrestor band clamp off the spark arrestor screen.

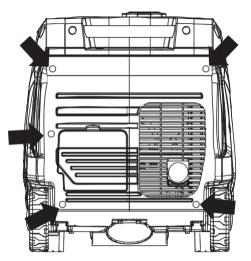


Figure 20: Remove Muffler Access Panel

- 6. Pull the spark arrestor screen off the muffler exhaust pipe.
- 7. Using a wire brush, remove any dirt and debris that may have collected on the spark arrestor screen.
- 8. If the spark arrestor screen shows signs of wear (rips, tears or large openings in the screen), replace the spark arrestor screen.
- Install the spark arrestor components in the following order:
 - Place spark arrestor screen over the muffler exhaust pipe. Push on the screen until it fully bottoms out.
 - b. Place the spark arrestor band clamp over the screen and tighten with a flathead screwdriver
- 10. Replace the discharge gate.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING VALVE LASH

CAUTION



Checking and adjusting valve lash must be done when the engine is cold.

- Remove the rocker arm cover and carefully remove the gasket. If the gasket is torn or damaged, it must be replaced.
- Remove the spark plug so the engine can be rotated more easily.
- 3. Rotate the engine to top dead center (TDC) of the compression stroke. Looking through the spark plug hole, the piston should be at the top.

- 4. Both the rocker arms should be loose at TDC on the compression stroke. If they are not, rotate the engine 360°.
- Insert a feeler gauge between the rocker arm and the push rod and check for clearance (see Figure 21). See table below for valve lash specifications

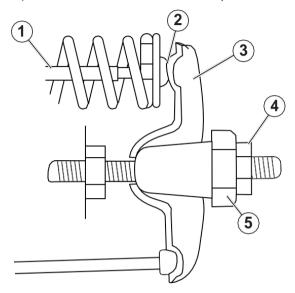


Figure 21 (1) Push Rod, (2) Feeler Gauge Area (3) Rocker Arm, (4) Jam Nut, (5) Adjusting Nut

Standard Valve Lash

	Intake Valve	Exhaust Valve
Valve Lash	0.0035 ± 0.0043 in $(0.09 \pm 0.11$ mm)	0.0043 ± 0.0051 in (0.11 ± 0.13 mm)
Bolt Torque	8-12N.m	8-12N.m

- 6. If an adjustment is required, hold the adjusting nut and loosen the jam nut.
- 7. Turn the adjusting nut to obtain the correct valve lash. When the valve lash is correct, hold the adjusting nut and tighten the jam nut to 106 in-lb (12 Nm).
- 8. Recheck the valve lash after tightening the jam nut.
- Perform this procedure for both the intake and exhaust valves.
- 10. Install the rocker arm cover, gasket and spark plug.

CLEANING THE INVERTER

It is important to inspect and clean the inverter before every use.

Clean All Engine Air Inlet and Outlet Ports – Make sure all engine air inlet and outlet ports are clean of any dirt and debris to ensure the engine does not run hot.

BATTERY SERVICE

To ensure the battery remains charged, the generator should be started every 2 to 3 months and run for a minimum of 15 minutes or a charger should be plugged into the generator and the generator should be charged overnight. Plug the cord from the charger into the charging port "" on the generator. Plug the charger into a 220-volt AC outlet.

Battery Replacement

- 1. Remove the spark plug wire from spark plug.
- Loosen the rubber strap holding the battery in place.
- 3. Disconnect the black negative (-) battery cable from the battery first.
- 4. Disconnect the red positive (+) battery cable second and remove the battery.

NOTICE

Dispose of the used battery properly according to the guidelines established by your local or state government.

- 5. Install the new battery into the generator frame.
- 6. Connect the red positive (+) battery cable to the battery first.
- 7. Connect the black negative (-) battery cable to the battery second.
- 8. Replace rubber strap to hold battery in place.
- 9. Install the spark plug wire onto spark plug.

Seebelowfor thebatteryspecification when replacing the battery.

After Market Battery Model	YT5AL
Volts	12
Amp Hr	5
Dimensions	4.63 in by 2.38 in by 5 in

STORAGE

△WARNING

Never store an inverter with fuel in the tank indoors or in a poorly ventilated area where the fumes can come in contact with an ignition source such as a: 1) pilot light of a stove, water heater, clothes dryer or any other gas appliance; or 2) spark from an electric appliance.

NOTICE

Petrol stored for as little as 60 days can go bad, causing gum, varnish and corrosive buildup in fuel lines, fuel passages and the engine. This corrosive buildup restricts the flow of fuel, preventing an engine from starting after a prolonged storage period.

Proper care should be taken to prepare the inverter for any storage

- 1. Clean the inverter.
- Siphon all petrol from the fuel tank as best as possible.
- Start the engine and allow the inverter to run until all the remaining petrol in the fuel lines and carburetor is consumed and the engine shuts off.
- 4. Drain any remaining fuel from the float bowl. See *Draining the Float Bowl* on page 18.

- 5. Change the oil (see *Changing Engine Oil* on page 16).
- 6. Remove the spark plug (see Spark Plug Maintenance on page 18) and place about 1 tablespoon of oil in the spark plug opening. While placing a clean rag over the spark plug opening, slowly pull the recoil handle to allow the engine to turn over several times. This will distribute the oil and protect the cylinder wall from corroding during storage.
- 7. Replace the spark plug (see *Spark Plug Maintenance* on page 18).
- 8. Move the inverter to a clean, dry place for storage.

TROUBLESHOOTING

∆WARNING



Before attempting to service or troubleshoot the generator, the owner or service technician must first read the owner's manual and understand and follow all safety instructions. Failure to follow all instructions may result in conditions that can lead to voiding of the product warranty, serious personal injury, property damage or even death.

PROBLEM	POTENTIAL CAUSE	SOLUTION	
	Reset breaker is tripped.	1. Reset the reset breaker.	
	2. The power cord's plug connector is not fully engaged in the inverter's outlet.	2. Verify plug connector is firmly engaged in the inverter's outlet.	
Engine is running, but no electrical output.	3. Faulty or defective power cord	3. Replace power cord.	
·	4. Faulty or defective electrical appliance	4. Try connecting a known good appliance to verify the inverter is producing electrical power.	
	1. Inverter is out of petrol.	1. Add petrol to the inverter.	
	2. Fuel flow is obstructed.	2. Inspect and clean fuel delivery passages.	
	3. Dirty air filter	3. Check and clean the air filter.	
	4. Low oil level shutdown switch is preventing the unit from starting.	4. Check oil level and add oil if necessary.	
Engine will not start or remain running while trying to start.	5. Spark plug boot is not fully engaged with the spark plug tip.	5. Firmly push down on the spark plug boot to ensure the boot is fully engaged.	
	6. Spark plug is faulty.	Remove and check the spark plug. Replace if faulty.	
	7. Dirty/plugged spark arrestor	7. Check and clean the spark arrestor.	
	8. Stale fuel	8. Drain fuel and replace with fresh fuel.	
	1. Inverter is out of fuel.	Check fuel level. Add fuel if necessary.	
Inverter suddenly stops running.	The low oil shut down switch has stopped the engine.	Check oil level and add oil if necessary.	
	3. Too much load	3. Restart the inverter and reduce the load.	
	1. Chake was left in the CHOVE position	1. Mayo abaka ta the DIIN position	
Engine wine	1. Choke was left in the CHOKE position.	1. Move choke to the RUN position	
Engine runs erratic; does not hold a	2. Dirty air filter	2. Clean the air filter.	
steady RPM.	3. Applied loads maybe cycling on and off	3. As applied loads cycle, changes in engine speed may occur; this is a normal condition.	

RECYCLING & PRODUCT DISPOSAL

- We do not offer a takeback scheme for the recovery of Waste Electrical Electronic Equipment (WEEE) & Batteries.
 Instead the responsibility to dispose of WEEE and or Batteries is passed onto you by us.
 So when it becomes necessary to dispose of your machine, you must take it to your local Civic Amenity Site.
 For further information please contact your local Authority for disposal advice.
- 2. You **MUST** make sure that all unused oil and fuel is disposed of correctly either beforehand or at your local Civic Amenity Site. Under NO circumstances must any fuel or oil be put down any drains.
- 3. Certain products contain WEEE waste which should not be disposed of in your domestic waste.
- 4. You MUST recycle WEEE in accordance with your local authority or recycling centre.
- 5. Certain products contain batteries which should not be disposed of in your domestic waste.
- 6. You MUST recycle batteries in accordance with your local authority or recycling centre.



- 7. Unwanted packaging and materials should be stored and taken to a recycling centre so it can be disposed of in a manner which is compatible with the environment.
- 8. The following symbol means that you should 'Reduce Reuse Recycle'.



- 9. We are a Member of the VALPAK National Compliance Scheme and our registration number is RM08660.
- 10. For further information about disposal please contact your Local Authority.
- 11. You can also get more advice and guidance about recycling at the following website http://www.recycle-more.co.uk
- 12. Should you pass this product on to another user either sold or loaned, you **MUST** pass on this user manual. This will make sure that all other users can use and maintain this machine safely.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Genpower Ltd confirms that these P1PE products conform to the following CE Directives.

97/68/EC Non Road Mobile Machinery Directive

2000/14/EC Outdoor Noise Directive

2004/108/EC Electro Magnetic Compatibility Device

2006/42/EC Machinery Directive

ECDECLARATION of CONFORMITY

The undersigned, as authorised by: GENPOWER Ltd

Conforms to the Directive 2000/14/EC (as amended) of the European Parliament and of the council on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the noise emission in the environment by equipment for use outdoors.

Equipment category: Power Equipment

Product Name/Model: P4000i

Type/<u>Serial No</u>: Inverter Generator

Net installed power: 8.5kW

Roland Llewellin, c/o Genpower Ltd,

The technical documentation is kept by: Isaac Way, Pembroke Dock, Pembrokeshire, SA72 4RW

The conformity assessment procedure followed was in accordance with annex $\underline{\text{V-or}}\text{VI}$ of the

Directive.

Notified Body: AV Technology Ltd, Unit 12 Easter Court, Europa

Boulevard,

Warrington, Cheshire, WA5 7ZB

Certificate N[□]/Test report N². OND-2016508-04-02 P4000iSE

Measured Sound Power Level: 68th

Guaranteed Sound Power Level: **89dB**

A copy of this certificate has been submitted to the European Commission and to EU Member

State United Kingdom.

Place of Declaration: Pembroke Dock, SA72 4RW

Date: 01 March 2018
Name: Roland Llewellin

Signature: Position in Company:

osition in Company: RTClaude

Name & address of manufacturer or Authorised representative Managing Director

Genpower Ltd, Isaac Way,
Pembroke Dock, Pembrokeshire, SA72 4RW

CONTACT DETAILS

Postal Address Genpower Limited

London Road, Pembroke Dock,

Pembrokeshire SA72 4RW. UK

Telephone +44 (0) 1646 687880

Fax +44 (0) 01646 686198

Website www.p1pe.co.uk

WARRANTY

To register your machine for the manufacturer's warranty, please visit:

http://www.p1pe.co.uk/warranty



P1PE – Position One Power Equipment Isaac Way, Pembroke Dock, Pembrokeshire, SA72 4RW

www.p1pe.co.uk